

NATIONS LEAGUE NOT AN ISSUE IN PENN. ELECTION

Most Voters in 22d Congress
District Never Heard
of Covenant.

PRESIDENT WAS MISLED

J. H. Wilson, Dem., Defeated
J. M. Jamison, Rep., on Coal
Strike Grudge.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN.
GREENSBURG, Pa., March 8.—Efforts of the part of members of the Democratic organization of Westmoreland county to spell into the result of the recent special Congress election here a rebuke to the opponents of the League of Nations caused no little amusement among Republicans and independent voters to-day. This amusement, was stimulated when word was received that President Wilson had sent from the George Washington a wireless message of congratulation to Representative-elect John H. Wilson on his election "upon the issue of the League of Nations."

John H. Wilson, a Democrat, hailing from Butler county, which with Westmoreland composed the Twenty-second Congress District, was elected last Tuesday over John M. Jamison of Westmoreland, head of the Jamison Coal and Coke Company, by 433 votes.

Coupled with the amusement that is felt over the efforts of the Democrats to make the result appear of greater significance than in the case there is a certain regret felt that the President should be deceived regarding the nature of the support the Democratic candidate received.

The League of Nations was not an issue in the campaign and Mr. Jamison's defeat cannot be attributed to anything but local and personal reasons. Neither can Mr. Wilson's election be regarded as an endorsement of the League of Nations plan.

League Was Scarcely Mentioned.

There is not a Republican in Westmoreland county who will admit that the League of Nations was an issue. The only Democrats that can be found who will say so are those who were connected with the management of the campaign and they confess that other important factors entered into the result.

But the best proof of all that the League of Nations had no part in the deliberations of the small proportion of the voters who went to the polls is seen in the fact that the local press failed to make reference to it the day following the election and it was two or three days later before the Democratic managers began to give voice to such a belief.

It has been suggested in certain circles here that the attempt to attach the Democratic success to the League idea was inspired from Washington.

"The voters were as much concerned with the League of Nations as they were with what might be happening in Spain," declared William S. Rial, Republican County Chairman, to-day.

A marked apathy among Republican voters, born of overconfidence in the result, efficiently organized labor vote directed against the Republican candidate coupled with the support of the so-called liquor interests and the socialist element in the district was what caused Mr. Jamison's defeat.

Coal Strike Important Issue.

It is doubtful if 5 per cent. of the voters gave the matter of the League of Nations the slightest consideration. A case in point is seen in one election district peopled largely by miners. The leader of the district was active in the coal strike of 1910 and the result in the district was 34 votes for Wilson and 4 for Jamison. As a consequence, Jamison expressed it to THE SUN correspondent to-day: "Those fellows don't know there's a Peace Conference sitting."

That the League of Nations was not an issue in the campaign is further evidenced by the fact that no mass meetings or public forums were held during the two weeks of the campaign to discuss the proposed covenant, or even the fundamental principle involved. The only reference that appears to it is an obscure sentence at the end of one paragraph in a circular distributed by the John H. Wilson campaign committee to the effect that Mr. Wilson was an advocate of permanent peace, "as embodied in the plan for a League of Nations under the covenant proposed." A similar statement was repeated in the local papers the day before election.

Mr. Jamison told THE SUN correspondent to-day that only once during the campaign was the League of Nations mentioned to him.

Heard Once About League.

"That was," he said, "the day before election, when a friend called me on the telephone and asked me how I stood on the subject. I told him that I was for a League of Nations in principle, and he replied that that was all he wanted to know. I am satisfied that between four and five hundred loyal Democrats voted for me for personal reasons."

The apathy on the part of the Republican voters is shown in the fact that something less than 25 per cent. of the enrolled Republican vote was polled, while the Democrats polled approximately 75 per cent. The factor that more than anything else had to do with the success of the Democratic candidate was the active display in his behalf by organized labor. This work was directed for the most part from Pittsburgh, capital being made out of the attitude of the Jamison Coal and Coke Company in the strike of 1910.

Cards which Mr. Jamison insists misrepresented his attitude were distributed in saloons among the workmen, the liquor men cooperating in an admitted spirit of revenge because the Republican party sent a solid delegation of five bone dry members from Westmoreland county to the State Legislature last November.

SMELTER MEN END STRIKE.

Protest Against Decreased Wages Ends by Agreement.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 8.—Employees at the Garfield Smelter of the American Smelting and Refining Company, who walked out two weeks ago in protest against a reduction in wages, returned to work to-day, having agreed at a meeting last night to resume work. The first men left their work February 25, others following during the next few days until several hundred men were out. The men are to be taken back according to length of employment, married men being first considered.

Gen. Wood Joins Labor Bureau.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Major-General Leonard Wood, Commander of the Central Department of the army, to-day accepted the appointment as a member of the local executive committee of the Labor Bureau for returning soldiers and sailors. The bureau is a department of the Federal Government.

ORLANDO CONFIDENT HIS VIEW WILL WIN

Italy's Premier Looks for Concessions Through League.

ROME, March 8.—Premier Orlando intimated in the Chamber of Deputies to-day that he must return to Paris, as the Peace Conference was entering upon a definitive phase. Therefore he asked the chamber to adjourn until April 2.

Referring to the League of Nations, the Premier said that an ideal could be obtained only when hard realities were taken into account. They must not be surprised if all professed to be adherents of President Wilson on condition that President Wilson's principles were applied to others. Fortunately there was perfect coincidence between absolute justice and the satisfaction of Italian aspirations.

The Premier evoked cheers, and the Premier concluded by expressing the conviction that Italy was strong enough to surmount the last difficulties.

MENOCAL MAY END STRIKE.

Employees Accept Cuban President as Arbitrator.

HAVANA, March 8.—President Menocal conferred with representatives of employers and strikers to-day in an effort to adjust the general strike in Cuba. The employers presented several propositions to the President, but have not yet accepted him as arbitrator. The strike leaders declare they are willing to accept President Menocal's decision in settling the questions at issue.

Dr. Agrarante, Secretary of Agriculture, Commerce and Industry, will confer with the employers later in an effort to have them accept the mediation of the President.

CAMP TOUR STARTS TO-DAY.

Baker and March to Make First Stop at Detroit.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Secretary Baker and Gen. March, Chief of Staff, will leave Washington to-morrow on a three weeks tour of inspection of the army camps in the West, on the Pacific coast and along the Mexican border.

The first stop will be at Detroit, where Camp Custer will be inspected, and the official party plans to take the camps in succession from there to Camp Lewis, Washington. The route then leads to San Francisco, to Camp Kearny and then along the Mexican border.

Arbitration Pacts Extended.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Acting Secretary of State Polk, with the Spanish Ambassador and the Minister of the Netherlands, signed today five year extensions of the general arbitration treaties between the United States and Spain and Holland.

SAYS EXTRA SESSION IS IMPERATIVE NOW

Need for Immediate Call Necessary Warns Appropriations Head.

GOOD TELLS REASONS

Urges President to Cast Aside Partisanship and Act Without Delay.

Special Despatch to THE SUN.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Asserting that the necessity of an immediate extra session is "imperative" and transcends all party considerations, Representative Good of Iowa, who will be chairman of the Appropriations Committee in the next House, issued to-day a statement outlining the tremendous legislative problems which confront the coming Congress. The statement follows:

"A huge task confronts the Sixty-sixth Congress. The legislative program for reconstruction embraces measures of tremendous importance. Months will be required to enact legislation necessary to unscramble the railroad and provide for their organization on a solid and substantial basis. Legislation of a far-reaching character to determine a permanent national policy for our merchant marine, which with reconstruction has cost the Government more than four billions of dollars is absolutely necessary."

"Legislation dealing with the problems of unemployment, the demobilization of our troops and of our returning soldiers cannot with justice be longer delayed. It will take months to enact this legislation alone, to say nothing of other needed legislation to which Congress must give early attention. From the point of view, therefore, of enacting necessary legislation, the President should call Congress in extraordinary session without delay."

"When we consider the condition that actually confronts the country regarding the appropriation bills the necessity for an extra session becomes imperative. The failure of the last Congress to pass many of the great supply bills and the announced intention of the President not to call Congress in extra session until June is cause for grave apprehension. Supply bills that failed to pass the last

Congress must be enacted into law before June 30, when present appropriations cease to be available.

"It was perfectly evident when Congress met last December that it could not pass all of the supply bills before March 4 and that an extra session of Congress would be necessary. Bills that passed the House carrying the following sums failed of passage by Congress: Military, \$1,340,000,000; naval, \$834,705,121; third deficiency, \$848,056,913; sundry civil, \$851,171,849; agricultural, \$27,344,852; District of Columbia, \$14,446,364; and Indian Affairs, \$11,437,797, a total of \$3,821,725,965.

Task Was Too Great.

"In order that the Departments may function after June 30 Congress must appropriate the necessary money. No money is available for their use after that date. It was futile to attempt to pass all these enormous bills at the short session of Congress and to enact the other necessary legislation which the emergency required."

"This is perfectly apparent when one considers what was done in the second session of the Sixty-fourth Congress. During that session nine of the supply bills—rivers and harbors, naval, District of Columbia army, sundry civil, fortifications, post office and post roads, legislative and agricultural—failed to pass Congress until after June 30, and the agricultural bill did not finally pass until October 1. Hence it is not strange that the session of Congress just brought to an end failed to accomplish in three months what it took the previous session ten months to do."

"The fact remains, therefore, that the work of the Sixty-fifth Congress is unfinished. Appropriations for the navy, Indian affairs, District of Columbia, agriculture, sundry civil expenses and to supply deficiencies in several Departments aggregating over \$3,821,000,000 failed to pass and appropriations for these services must be made before June 30, if the Departments of the Government are to function."

"The practice of passing continuing resolutions to meet such exigencies should not be encouraged for it invites the greatest waste and extravagance, especially at this time when we should begin to resume normal conditions and to practice the strictest economy. The appropriations made for the present fiscal year were made at a time when we were at war and are not applicable to the conditions confronting the next fiscal year."

Conditions Now Changed.

"If continuing resolutions are relied on to supply funds after June 30 such resolutions will certainly contain a great many exceptions and modifications, otherwise the extravagance and waste now prevailing in many of the departments will be continued. Appropriations made to carry on the war cannot be made to apply to present conditions. Why should a situation be created requiring it?"

"During the next few months tax-

payers will feel the heavy burden of increased taxes and will take a more lively interest in the work of Congress. From them will come a timely demand for retrenchment and economy. In order to make possible reductions in taxation the strictest economy must be practiced. Appropriations of Government funds raised by taxation should be made only after a careful study of the actual need for such appropriations and should only be made after a thorough consideration of all the information obtainable."

"This cannot be accomplished in a day. To carry out such a programme necessitates the immediate convening of Congress. It will take the new Con-

gress at least two weeks to organize and get down to business. It would be very difficult for Congress to give the consideration to these necessary appropriation bills which is required and pass them by June 30 if it were at present in session and thoroughly organized.

"Certainly the President has not been fully advised as to these appropriation bills or he would not postpone the convening of Congress for a single day. If he were informed as to these conditions he refuses to convene Congress in extra session without delay, he assumes a tremendous responsibility."

"The members-elect of the Sixty-sixth Congress realize that a monumental task confronts them. The only consid-

eration they seek is a fair and reasonable opportunity to do their work, and to do it well. They would commence that work in time to perform it in a manner that will be creditable alike to themselves and to the Government.

"They cannot do this and pass intelligently upon appropriations aggregating over \$3,821,000,000 needed by the departments by June 30, if Congress is not immediately called. The task is too great and the time too short. When matters of such tremendous importance are at stake neither the Executive nor Congress should be controlled by partisan considerations, but the very best that is in both should be exerted for the public good."

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL TO GO.

Office Building Will Replace Famous Chicago Hostelry.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The Grand Pacific Hotel, one of the landmarks of the business district and a decade ago one of the most widely known hostels in the country, is to give way in May to a modern office building. It was announced today by the manager of the Levi Z. Letter estate, owners.

The hotel was built soon after the ruins of the great fire of 1871 were cleared away. For many years it was a popular headquarters for delegations to national political conventions.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Introductory Sale of Womens New Spring Footwear

Commencing Tomorrow, Monday
At Much Less Than Usual Prices for One Week Only
The Lord & Taylor Spring Assortment of
New Low Shoes for All Occasions

NOTE—All of the styles represented will be marked,
at regular prices after the introductory sale closes.

Patent leather and gun metal Colonial, Louis XVI. heels.	\$6.90	Bench-made Virginia Oxfords.
Dark tan calfskin Oxfords, military heels.		Brown kidskin three-buckle Oxfords.
Gun metal calfskin Oxfords, military heels.		Patent leather three-buckle Oxfords.
Dark tan calfskin Colonial, military heels.		Gun metal three-buckle Oxfords.
Patent leather Colonial, military heels.		Dull kidskin three-buckle Oxfords.
Gun metal Colonial, military heels.		Dark tan calfskin Blucher Oxfords, plain toe, military heels.
Brown kidskin Oxfords, Louis XVI. heels.		Gun metal calfskin Oxfords, military heels.
Dark tan calfskin Pumps, low heels.		Gun metal calfskin Oxfords, Cuban heels.

Second Floor.

825 1075 600

\$8.25 \$10.75



Orage Ceremonial Song from the Oklahoma Pow Wow scene in Act Two of the new American opera "Shanewis," by Charles Wakefield Cadman.

Hear the "Prelude," "Lionel's Narrative" and the "Intermezzo" from "Shanewis" as recorded by the Duo-Art Piano.

CADMAN

America's Great Song Writer

Records Exclusively for the

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THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Aeolian Hall in Manhattan, 29 W. 42nd St.
Aeolian Hall in Brooklyn, 11 Flatbush Ave.
Aeolian Hall in The Bronx, 367 E. 149th St.
Aeolian Hall in Newark, 895 Broad Street

On Wednesday evening, March 12th, at the Metropolitan Opera House, Cadman's highly interesting American opera, "Shanewis," which met with such gratifying success last season at its premier production, will again be presented. This is the first time an opera by an American composer has been included in the Metropolitan repertoire during a second season.

The Duo-Art Reproducing Action is installed in the Steinway, Steck, Sirop and renowned Weber Pianos. Prices from \$885 upward.

Mr. Cadman has made for the Duo-Art two magnificent records embodying the principal themes and melodies from "Shanewis," which have already attained wide popularity. The public is invited to come to Aeolian Hall to hear the Duo-Art recordings from the new opera as well as the older and universally beloved Cadman songs.

"Thunder Bird Suite" are among the most colorful and enchanting tone pictures in the Duo-Art galleries.

When the composer of a musical composition records his work for the Duo-Art Piano, the value of the record is incalculable. The music is made permanently audible by the person who conceived it, and who interprets it as it should be interpreted so that students and music-lovers have this marvelous musical prototype before them for all time.

NEW BLOUSES

Herald the Spring Mode

Fashion's caprices may be read in the Lord & Taylor collection now at the very height of its charm and completeness.

Paris and American designers have contributed to the interest of the showing which includes

Georgette Crepe Blouses, in every fashionable suit shade, as well as flesh and white; beaded, embroidered or exquisitely lace trimmed. **\$5.95 to \$38.00**

Sport Blouses, of Crepe de Chine, Satin, Habutai, Japanese Silk, Pongee, Men's Wear Crepe, Silk Serge, Madras, Linon, Dimity, Batiste and Voile; smartly tailored and with new high or low collar effects. **\$2.95 to \$19.75**

Distinctive Novelties, in Tablier, Russian and graceful Basque Models, of Georgette Crepe, elaborate with real Filet, embroidered, beaded or chenille trimmed; lovely new shades and unusual color combinations. **\$10.75 to \$48.00**

Featuring a New Model in Georgette Crepe Blouses, **\$5.95**

Two-tone effects, navy combined with Victory red, bisque or henna, in an indescribably smart model, beaded and embroidered.

Third Floor.

MARCH SALE

Philippine Lingerie

Exquisitely dainty hand embroidered and hand made garments of the type that fastidious women prefer. Values arranged especially for this event.

Gowns **\$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.95**
Envelope Chemise **\$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.95**

Silk Underwear

Lovely washable silk, in flesh color, in models hemstitched and tailored or with fine Valenciennes and Filet laces.

Gowns, of Crepe de Chine **\$3.85, \$5.95**
Envelope Chemise, Crepe de Chine or washable Satin **\$1.85**

N negligees

Japanese Crepe Kimonos, **\$7.95**

Dainty flowered Yeddo Crepe, silk lined model, of typical Oriental style.

Hand Embroidered Silk Kimonos, **\$8.75**

A Japanese model, elaborately hand embroidered and lined with soft silk.

Albatross Negligees, **\$14.75**

Box pleated model, with ribbon run waist line; hand embroidered collar and sleeves.

Chiffon Coatee Negligee, **\$14.75**

Charming model, in lace trimmed, satin girdled jacket over a box pleated crepe de chine skirt.

Silk Jersey Petticoats, **\$4.95**

Superior quality and in all the new shades; taffeta or contrasting silk jersey novelty flounces.

Taffeta Silk Petticoats, **\$3.95 and \$4.95**

Plain and changeable silk; in models with tailored and ruffled flounces.

Second Floor.

Corsets

Featured for the March Sale

An Elente Model—**\$3.95**

Pink satin striped silk Batiste, in an elastic girdle top model, lightly boned.

A "Lord & Taylor Special" Model—**\$1.95**

Pink novelty Broche in a well boned model, medium bust and skirt.

Third Floor.

Chiffons and Georgettes

Are shown in the Lord & Taylor assortment in the silk section in more than a thousand shades, assuring the matching of almost any color.

New Foulard Silks

So popular now, are here in black, navy blue and colored grounds in the latest designs; an unusual quality at..... yard **\$2.50**

Black Satins 1,800 yards yarn-dyed satin. Splendid Value at \$1.78 yard	Georgette Crepes Complete assortment of colors. Excellent at \$1.75 yard
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Ground Floor.

New Cretonnes

12,000 Yards at Less Than They Would Cost Wholesale Today

48c yard

A superior quality suitable for loose coverings for furniture or for summer hangings and curtains. A large selection of patterns in shades of gray, rose, blue, lavender and yellow.

Marquisettes and Scrims

Curtain materials that have sold at much higher prices; white, ivory and ceru; double bordered and plain centre. yard **28c**

Fifth Floor.

NEW BLOUSES

Herald the Spring Mode

Fashion's caprices may be read in the Lord & Taylor collection now at the very height of its charm and completeness.

Paris and American designers have contributed to the interest of the showing which includes

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Third Floor.